

July 26, 2021

VIA E-MAIL

Laura Iheanachor CREW 1331 F Street NW Suite 900 Washington, DC 20004 liheanachor@citizensforethics.org

RE: FOIA Request No. DOC-OIG-2021-001869

Dear Ms. Iheanachor:

This letter is regarding your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request, tracking number DOC-OIG-2021-001869, received by the Department of Commerce, Office of Inspector General (OIG) on July 23, 2021, in which you seek the following:

"Specifically, CREW requests the complete, unredacted version of the investigation report referenced in Inspector General Peggy Gustafson's July 15, 2021 letter to Congress detailing the Office of Inspector General's findings that former Secretary of Commerce Wilbur Ross 'misrepresented the full rationale for the reinstatement of the citizenship question' in the 2020 Decennial Census 'during his March 20, 2018, testimony before the House Committee on Appropriations and again in his March 22, 2018, testimony before the House Committee on Ways and Means."

A search of records maintained by the OIG has located twenty-one (21) pages responsive to your request. We have reviewed these pages under the terms of FOIA and, after consulting with the Office of General Counsel over the release of them, have determined that the pages may be released as follows:

- Four (4) pages may be released to you in full;
- Fourteen (14) pages must be withheld in part under FOIA exemption (b)(6), 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(6), which protects information in personnel, medical, or similar files, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, and FOIA exemption (b)(7)(C), 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(7)(C), which protects law enforcement information, the disclosure of which could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- Three (3) pages must be withheld in part under FOIA exemption (b)(5), 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(5), which protects inter-agency and intra-agency records that would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with the agency, including documents that are subject to the deliberative process privilege, as well as (b)(6) and (b)(7)(C).

Copies of the pages are enclosed, with the redactions noted.

We have determined that no fees are chargeable for the processing of this FOIA request. As such, we have not ruled upon your request for a fee waiver.

For your information, Congress excluded three discrete categories of law enforcement and national security records from the requirements of FOIA. See 5 U.S.C. § 552(c). This response is limited to those records that are subject to the requirements of FOIA. This is a standard notification to all OIG requesters and should not be taken as an indication that excluded records do, or do not, exist.

You have the right to appeal this determination. Any appeal must be received within ninety (90) calendar days of the date of this response letter. Please address any appeal to the following office:

Counsel to the Inspector General U.S. Department of Commerce Office of Inspector General, Office of Counsel 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W. Room 7898C Washington, D.C. 20230

Due to the coronavirus pandemic, the DOC OIG FOIA staff is currently operating at a remote capacity only. Processing of paper copies of FOIA requests and or appeals sent via mail or other carrier will be subject to delays.

An appeal may also be sent by e-mail to <u>FOIA@oig.doc.gov</u> or by FOIAonline, if you have an account in FOIAonline, at <a href="https://www.foiaonline.gov/foiaonline/action/public/request">https://www.foiaonline.gov/foiaonline/action/public/request</a>.

The appeal should include a copy of the original request and this letter. In addition, the appeal should include a statement of the reasons why you believe that the determination was in error. The appeal letter, the envelope, and the e-mail subject line should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal." The e-mail, FOIAonline, and Office of Counsel mailbox are monitored only on working days during normal business hours (8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, Monday through Friday). FOIA appeals posted to the e-mail box, FOIAonline, or the Office of Counsel mailbox after normal business hours will be deemed received on the next normal business day. If the 90th calendar day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal public holiday, an appeal received by 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, the next business day will be deemed timely. An appeal received after the 90-day limit will not be considered.

If you have any questions or concerns or would like to discuss any aspect of your request, you may contact our office by email at foia@oig.doc.gov.

In addition, you may contact the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) at the National Archives and Records Administration to inquire about the FOIA mediation services they offer. The contact information for OGIS is as follows:

Office of Government Information Services
National Archives and Records Administration
8601 Adelphi Road-OGIS
College Park, Maryland 20740-6001
E-mail at ogis@nara.gov
Telephone at (202) 741-5770; toll free at 1 (877) 684-6448; facsimile at (202) 741-5769

Sincerely,
JENNIFER
PIEL
Jennifer Piel
FOIA Officer

Enclosures

# Investigation into Misrepresentations of the Origins of the Proposed Citizenship Question on the 2020 Decennial Census

INVESTIGATIVE REPORT NO. 19-0728 JULY 6, 2021

### FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

This document remains the property of the Office of Inspector General and is provided to you for official use in accordance with your duties. This document may contain law enforcement sensitive information as well as be protected by the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552a. Per DAO 207-10, do not disclose or disseminate this document or the information contained herein, or otherwise incorporate it into any other records system, without prior written permission from the Office of Inspector General. Public release will be determined by the Office of Inspector General under the terms of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552, and the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552a. Requests for copies of this report must be referred to the Office of Inspector General in accordance with DAO 207-10.



U.S. Department of Commerce Office of Inspector General Office of Audit and Evaluation

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Cover: Herbert C. Hoover Building main entrance at 14th Street Northwest in Washington, DC. Completed in 1932, the building is named after the former Secretary of Commerce and 31st President of the United States

# Introduction

On May 31, 2019, the Office of Inspector General (OIG) received a joint letter from 13 U.S. Senators alleging that the Department of Commerce (the Department) and the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) concealed the contribution of a political redistricting strategist—Dr. Thomas Hofeller—in the rationale for the addition of a citizenship question to the 2020 Decennial Census (2020 Census). The letter made the following specific allegations:

- (a) "In depositions and congressional interviews, Justice and Commerce Department officials failed to disclose the substantive public policy role of political operative, Dr. Thomas Hofeller, in adding the question to the 2020 Census; and
- (b) In concealing the contribution of Dr. Hofeller, Justice and Commerce Department officials purposely obscured the impermissible racial and partisan motivations for adding a citizenship question—to be 'advantageous to Republicans and Non-Hispanic Whites' and to 'clearly be a disadvantage to the Democrats'—in both the Justice Department's December 2017 letter requesting the citizenship question and the Commerce Department's March 2018 memorandum adding the question."

The allegations, if substantiated, would contradict then-Department Secretary Wilbur Ross's assertion that the addition of the citizenship question was based solely on a DOJ request to assist in the enforcement of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (VRA). Further, the allegations, if substantiated, would implicate DOJ and Department officials in an effort to conceal from Congress and the public the true rationale for the addition of the citizenship question to the 2020 Census.

On June 27, 2019, our office initiated this investigation based on the allegations listed above and possible violations of 18 U.S. Code § 1001: Statements or entries generally. This report documents our investigation and findings.

# **Executive Summary**

Our investigation was unable to establish that Dr. Thomas Hofeller had a substantive public policy role in the addition of the citizenship question to the 2020 Census. Our investigation did substantiate that correspondence from the Department to the DOJ contained verbiage similar to that used in portions of Dr. Hofeller's unpublished 2015 study focusing on the use of Citizenship Voting Age Population (CVAP)<sup>2</sup> for the purposes of redistricting; however, those similar portions related to historical and factual references to the Census and did not include Dr. Hofeller's opinions.

Our investigation established Secretary Ross misrepresented the full rationale for the reinstatement of the citizenship question during his March 20, 2018, testimony before the House Committee on Appropriations and again in his March 22, 2018, testimony before the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 52 U.S.C. § 10301 et seq.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Exhibit I: Chart Comparing Hofeller 2015 Study with DOJ December 2017 Letter, 125–126. Available at https://assets.documentcloud.org/documents/6111284/May-31-2019-Unredacted-Exhibits.pdf (accessed March 8, 2021).

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House Committee on Ways and Means. During Congressional testimony, Secretary Ross stated his decision to reinstate the citizenship question was based solely on a DOJ request. That request memorandum was signed by the DOJ on December 12, 2017. However, evidence shows there were significant communications related to the citizenship question among the Secretary, his staff, and other government officials between March 2017 and September 2017, which was well before the DOJ request memorandum. Evidence also suggests the Department requested and played a part in drafting the DOJ memorandum. Further, Secretary Ross sent a memorandum to the Department on June 21, 2018, clarifying his deliberations regarding adding a citizenship question to the Decennial Census. In this memorandum, the Secretary stated he began considering the content of the 2020 Census, to include reinstating the citizenship question, soon after his appointment to Secretary.

# **Background**

On December 12, 2017,	DOJ's Justice Management			
Division (JMD), sent a letter to				
the U.S. Census Bureau (Census Bureau), requesting that the Bureau add a				
citizenship question to the 2020 Census. <sup>3</sup>				

On March 26, 2018, Secretary Ross sent a memorandum<sup>4</sup> to Karen Dunn Kelley, then-Deputy Secretary of Commerce, notifying her of his decision to add the citizenship question to the 2020 Census based on DOJ's request for data to enforce Section 2 of the VRA. The Secretary's March 26, 2018, memorandum maintained that adding a citizenship question would provide DOJ with the most complete and accurate count of CVAP.<sup>5</sup>

Between March 2018 and May 2018, Secretary Ross testified before the U.S. House of Representatives and the U.S. Senate and affirmed that the Department responded solely to DOI's request to add the citizenship question.<sup>6</sup>

In June 2018, Secretary Ross issued a supplemental memorandum wherein he stated he began considering various fundamental issues with the 2020 Census, which included the addition of a

<sup>6</sup> Then-Ranking Minority Member Elijah E. Cummings, et al., to Chairmen Trey Gowdy and Mark Meadows, August 2, 2018. Letter from the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform and the Subcommittee on Government Operations. Available at https://connolly.house.gov/uploadedfiles/

ogr\_dems\_request\_ross\_hearing\_8.2.18.pdf (accessed March 8, 2021). This letter was signed by Congressmen Elijah Cummings, Eleanor Norton, Peter Welch, Robin Kelly, Mark DeSaulnier, Gerald Connolly, Carolyn Maloney, Jim Cooper, Brenda Lawrence, Jamie Raskin, Bonnie Watson Coleman, William Lacy Clay, Stacey Plaskett, John Sarbanes, Jimmy Gomez, Stephen Lynch, Raja Krishnamoorthi, and Matthew Cartwright.

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U.S. Census Bureau,
December 12, 2017. Request to Reinstate Citizenship Question on 2020 Census Questionnaire. Available at http://www.documentcloud.org/documents/4340651-Text-of-Dec-2017-DOJ-letter-to-Census.html (accessed March 8, 2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Wilbur L. Ross, Jr., to Undersecretary for Economic Affairs, March 26, 2018. Reinstatement of a Citizenship Question on the 2020 Decennial Census Questionnaire. Available at http://www.documentcloud.org/documents/4426785-commerce2018-03-26-2.html (accessed March 8, 2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> *Id.* at p. 5.

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citizenship question, soon after being appointed Secretary, despite previously testifying at least three times that his decision was based on DOJ's request.<sup>7</sup>

After Secretary Ross's decision to reinstate the citizenship question on the 2020 Census, multiple civil lawsuits were filed against the Department, DOJ, Secretary Ross, and other Department and DOJ officials. The lawsuits were referred to the U.S. Supreme Court in February 2019 and argued before the Court in April 2019. On June 27, 2019, Chief Justice Roberts published the Court's opinion, which stated Secretary Ross did not violate the Enumeration Clause, U.S. Const. art. I, § 2, cl. 3; Amdt. 14, § 2; or the Census Act, Title 13 of the U.S. Code, by reinstating the citizenship question. However, the Court affirmed, in part, a lower court's decision that Secretary Ross's "contrived" rationale for reinstating the citizenship question was an executive branch overreach under the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. § 551 et seq.

# Details of Investigation

# A. Timeline of Events

Below is a chronological summary of relevant documents, including testimonies, emails, and other correspondence, collected and reviewed during this investigation.

# 2017 Correspondence and Testimony

March 10 [Email]:	Department	of Commerce
emailed Secretary Ross an	d courtesy copied	Department of
Commerce	, with the su	bject line "Your Question on the
Census."	rded a link to a 2010 Wall !	Street Journal article written by
Carl Bialik titled, "The Pitf	alls of Counting Illegal Immi	grants."9 further
highlighted a sentence in t	he article: "No major gover	nment survey, including the
[D]ecennial [C]ensus now	under way, asks Americans	s about their citizenship status."
April 5 [Email]:		to Secretary Ross, emailed
		eve Bannon, then-White House
Chief Strategist, wanted to	speak with Secretary Ross	about the Census. <sup>10</sup>
April 20 [Email]:	sent an email to	and courtesy copied
		. In the email, stated
		National Advisory Committee on
Racial, Ethnic and Other P	opulations. We must get ou	ir issue resolved before this!"

Wilbur L. Ross, Jr., Supplemental Memorandum. Supplemental Memorandum by Secretary of Commerce Wilbur Ross Regarding the Administrative Record in Census Litigation, June 21, 2018. Available at https://assets.documentcloud.org/documents/4550951/Supplemental-Memo-by-Wilbur-Ross.pdf (accessed March 8, 2021)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Dep't of Commerce, v. New York, No. 18-966, 588 U.S. \_\_\_, 139 S. Ct. 2551, 204 L. Ed. 2d 978 (2019).

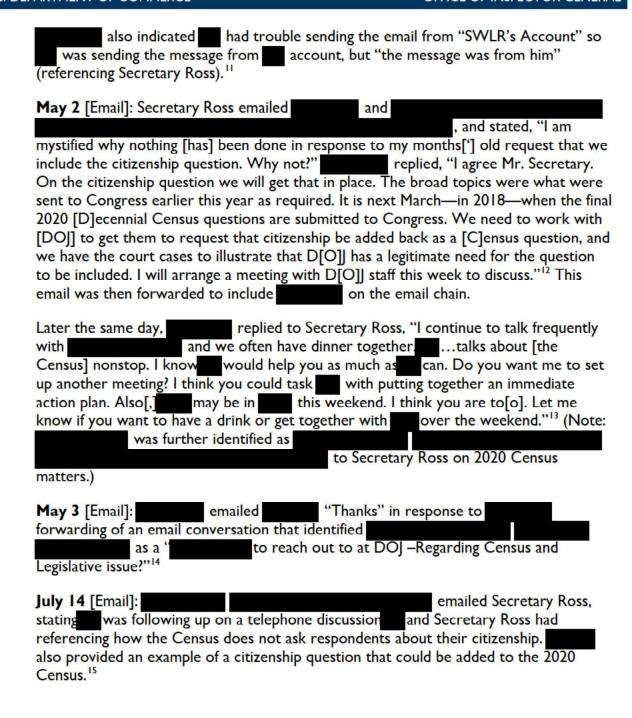
<sup>9</sup> Cummings, August 2, 2018, Letter to Chairmen.

<sup>10</sup> Ibid.

# II Withholdings (B)(6) & (B)(7)(C)

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<sup>11</sup> Ibid and Internal Department document.

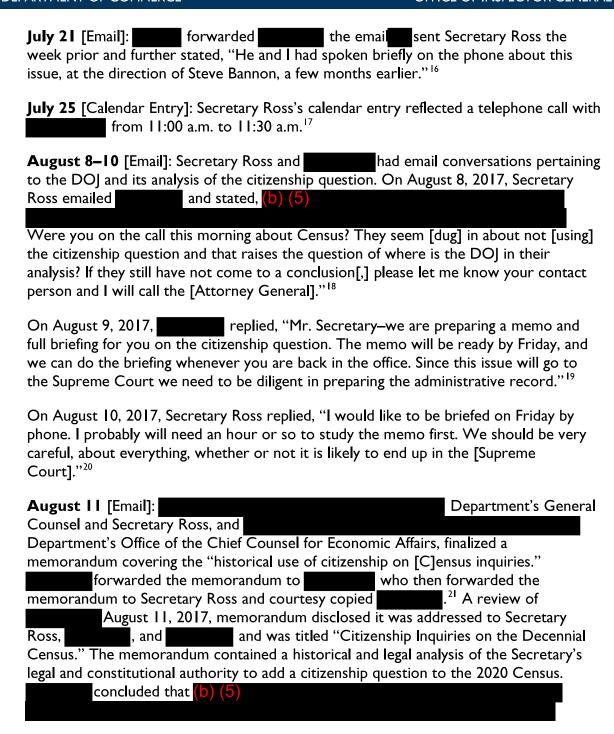
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Wilbur L. Ross, Jr., to Director of Office of Policy and Strategic Planning and Chief Financial Officer of the Department, May 2, 2017. E-mail from Secretary Ross to Director of Office of Policy and Strategic Planning and Chief Financial Officer of the Department. Available at https://www.documentcloud.org/documents/4616784-May-2-2017-Email-From-Wilbur-Ross.html (accessed March 8, 2021).

<sup>13</sup> Ibid.

<sup>14</sup> Internal Department document.

<sup>15</sup> Internal Department document.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Cummings, August 2, 2018, Letter to Chairmen. p. 4 and Internal Department document.

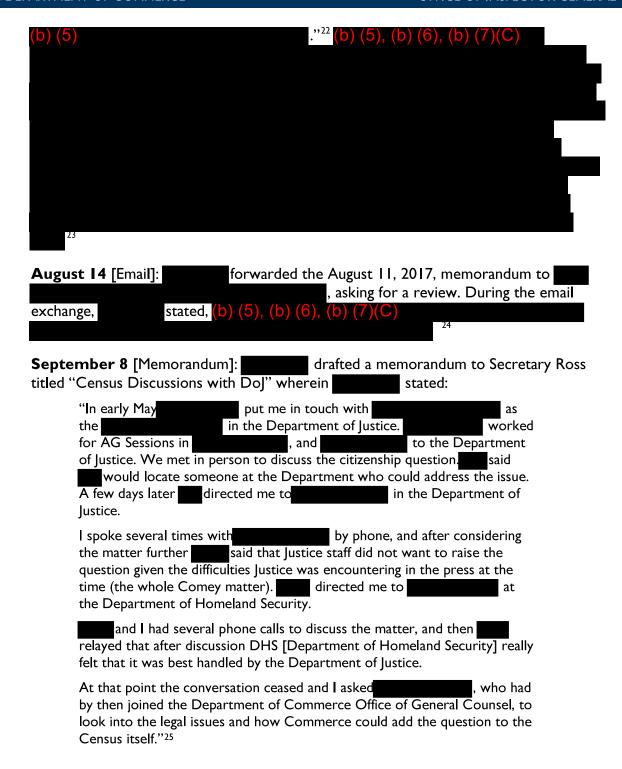
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Internal Department document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Internal Department document.

<sup>19</sup> Internal Department document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Internal Department document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Internal Department document.

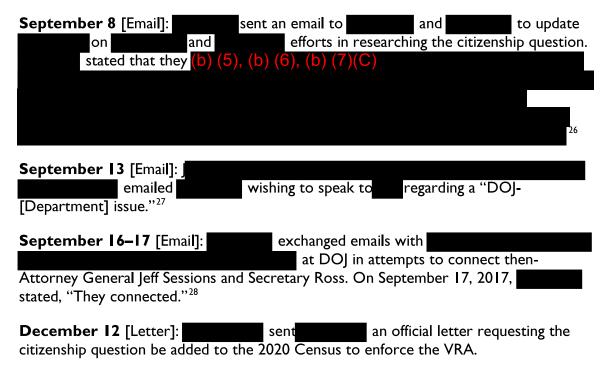


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Internal Department document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Internal Department document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Internal Department document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Internal Department document.



# 2018 Correspondence and Testimony

March 20 [Congressional Testimony]: During testimony before the House Committee on Appropriations, Secretary Ross answered Congressman José E. Serrano's question, "Should political parties and campaign politics ever factor in to what is asked of every household in the country on the [C]ensus?" by stating, "No political party has asked us to do anything on the [C]ensus. We have had a request, as everyone is aware, from the Department of Justice to add a citizenship question to the 2020 [C]ensus."

Congressman Serrano further asked, "[h]as the President or anyone else in the White House directed you to add this or a similar question to the 2020 census?" Secretary Ross responded, "[w]e are responding solely to the Department of Justice's request." 29

March 22 [Congressional Testimony]: During testimony before the House Committee on Ways and Means, Secretary Ross answered Congresswoman Judy Chu's question, "Can you tell me whether the Department of Commerce plans to include the citizenship question in the 2020 Census?" by stating: "Department of Justice has, as you know, initiated the request for inclusion of the citizenship question." Secretary Ross also stated, "[b]ecause it is from the Department of Justice, we are taking it very

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Internal Department document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Internal Department document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Internal Department document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> House Committee on Appropriations, Subcommittee on Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies, FY19 Budget Hearing: Department of Commerce (Mar. 20, 2018).

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seriously and we will issue a fulsome documentation of whatever conclusion we finally come to."<sup>30</sup>

March 26 [Memorandum]: Secretary Ross signed a memorandum titled "Reinstatement of a Citizenship Question on the 2020 Decennial Census Questionnaire" addressed to then-Department Deputy Secretary Karen Dunn Kelley. In the memorandum, the Secretary stated: "Following receipt of the DOJ request, I set out to take a hard look at the request and ensure that I considered all facts and data relevant to the question so that I could make an informed decision on how to respond. To that end, the Department of Commerce ("Department") immediately initiated a comprehensive review process led by the Census Bureau...At my direction, the Census Bureau and the Department's Office of the Secretary began a thorough assessment that included legal, program, and policy considerations." 31

May 8 [Congressional Testimony]: During testimony before the House Oversight and Government Reform Committee, answered Congresswoman Eleanor Holmes Norton's question, "Why did this question, which was dropped for seventy years, suddenly appear on the Decennial Census? What was the point?" by stating: "We received a request from the Justice Department for this and their rationale was that the level of information that they needed to enforce the Voting Rights Act was not available...This was requested by the Department of Justice for their statutory duty to enforce the Voting Rights Act...The reason for this question was the Justice Department asked this to get more accurate information at the Census block level." 32

May 10 [Congressional Testimony]: During testimony before the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies, Secretary Ross answered Senator Brian Schatz's question, "And so, this request for a question to be added to the census comes from DOI, comes from a political appointee. It seems to be out of left field, and then is not included in the field test because of, I guess, the logistics of printing it in time. I guess I would like to hear how you respond to, if we were just sitting down having a cup of coffee, what I would say is, 'Come on. This is what it looks like.' And so, I understand you are doing everything to mitigate the impact of this, but I think the provenance of this is not on the level that DOI is trying to enforce the Voting Rights Act and on the level through the normal regular order interacted in an interagency professional way, but rather this is a political matter. And so, how can you reassure me that that is not what happened or at least reassure me that you are not going to allow it to be implemented in that way?" by stating: "We spent a lot of time talking with [DO]] about the request. We truly believe they think they need it and they are a qualified party to make that request under the procedures." During the same hearing, Secretary Ross answered Senator Patrick Leahy's question, "And why this sudden interest in that when the [Justice] Department is supposed to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> U.S. Congress, House of Representatives, Committee on Ways and Means. Hearing with Commerce Secretary Ross, 115<sup>th</sup> Cong, 2<sup>nd</sup> sess. (Mar. 20, 2018), p. 36.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Ross to Undersecretary for Economic Affairs, March 26, 2018. Memorandum.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> U.S. Congress, House of Representatives, Committee on Oversight and Government Reform. *Progress Report on the 2020 Census*, 115<sup>th</sup> Cong., 2<sup>nd</sup> sess., (May 8, 2018).

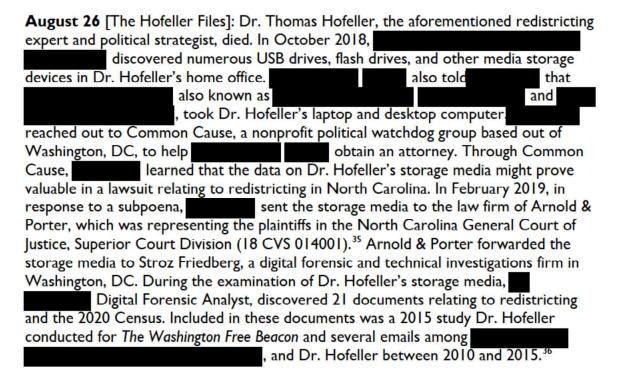
# All Withholdings (B)(6) & (B)(7)(C)

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enforce violations and does not see any problems?" by stating: "Well the Justice Department is the one who made the request of us." 33

June 21 [Memorandum]: Secretary Ross signed a "Supplemental Memorandum" to his March 26, 2018, memorandum regarding his decision to add the citizenship question to the 2020 Census. In the memorandum, Secretary Ross stated: "Soon after my appointment as Secretary of Commerce, I began considering various fundamental issues regarding the upcoming 2020 Census, including funding and content. Part of these considerations included whether to reinstate a citizenship question, which other senior Administration officials had previously raised. My staff and I thought reinstating a citizenship question could be warranted, and we had various discussions with other governmental officials about reinstating a citizenship question to the Census. As part of that deliberative process, my staff and I consulted with Federal governmental components and inquired whether the Department of Justice (DOJ) would support, and if so would request, inclusion of a citizenship question as consistent with and useful for enforcement of the Voting Rights Act."<sup>34</sup>



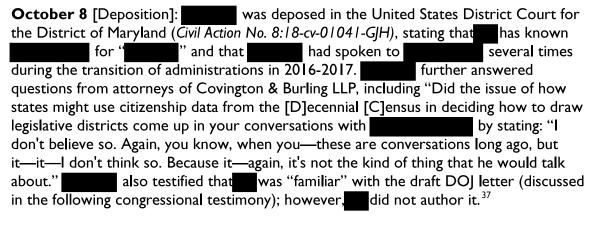
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> U.S. Congress, Senate, Committee on Appropriations, Subcommittee on Commerce, Justice, and Science and Related Agencies. Review of the FY 2019 Budget Request for the U.S. Department of Commerce, 115<sup>th</sup> Cong., 2<sup>nd</sup> sess., (May 10, 2018).

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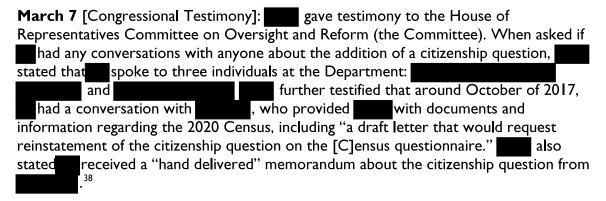
<sup>34</sup> Ross, Supplemental Memorandum, June 21, 2018.

<sup>35</sup> See Common Cause v. Lewis, 18 CVS 014001, N.C. Sup. Ct. Div. (2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> NPR. Emails Show Trump Officials Consulted With GOP Strategist On Citizenship Question [online]. https://www.npr.org/2019/11/12/778496494/emails-connect-trump-officials-and-gop-redistricting-expert-on-citizenship-quest (accessed March 10, 2021).



# 2019 Correspondence and Testimony



March 14 [Congressional Testimony]: During testimony before the Committee, Congressman and Committee Chair Elijah Cumming's stated, "Secretary Ross, you have claimed repeatedly that you added the citizenship question only because the Justice Department asked you to. You testified under oath on three occasions. Each time, you said you were responding solely to the Department of Justice's request. But now we have obtained documents showing that you were working to add the citizenship question from your very first days at the Commerce Department." Secretary Ross responded by stating, "My reasons for adding the citizenship question are described in detail in the March 26, 2018, decision memo. After we received the Department of Justice letter on December 12, 2017, we, namely Commerce Department, myself, and the Census Bureau, initiated a very detailed, very thorough process to consider that request. That's what we were responding to." When asked by Congressman Cummings whether Secretary Ross wished to withdraw his prior testimony after the new documents had come to light, Ross responded, "I testified truthfully to the best of my ability in response to what my understanding of the questions were."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> New York v. U.S. Dep't of Commerce, No. 18-CV-2921, Docket Entry 595, Att. 1 (S.D.N.Y. May 31, 2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Majority Staff to Committee Members, March 14, 2019. Supplemental Memo on Transcribed Interview with Regarding Addition of Citizenship Question to Census. Available at https://oversight.house.gov/sites/democrats.oversight.house.gov/files/documents/2019-03-14.%20Supplemental%20Memo%20on%20 %20TI.pdf (accessed March 10, 2021).

# All Withholdings (B)(6) & (B)(7)(C)

Congressman Cummings went on to ask, "in early April 2017, you got a call from Steve

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Bannon about the citizenship question. That was also a month before the Department of Justice sent its letter. Is that correct?" Secretary Ross answered by stating, "Yes, sir." Congressman Cummings continued by asking, "Is it your testimony that your call with Mr. Bannon had nothing to do with efforts to pursue the citizenship question?" Secretary Ross answered, "Steve Bannon called with a simple request, namely asking if I would take a call from , and I agreed to that request as a courtesy since he was a White House staffer. And shortly thereafter, possibly the next day, I did have a conversation with May 30 [Congressional Interview]: , gave testimony to the Committee, wherein testified that in "early November of 2016" to discuss legislative proposals regarding the citizenship question. stated received a call from who told that "would be receiving a phone call from someone from the Department of Commerce related to the Census." called and asked "if [DHS] could use or had a need for the information for citizenship information of the Census that would facilitate a departmental mission." testified that checked with experts within the DHS, but that nobody identified a need for this information. reported to that DHS "didn't really have a use for" the information.40 participated in an interview with staffers of **June 3** [Congressional Interview]: the House of Representatives Committee on Oversight and Reform and stated with President Donald Trump, Bannon, and Reince Priebus, President Trump's then-Chief of Staff, to discuss the addition of a citizenship question to the 2020 Census. recalled two meetings in late January or early February of 2017—one with Bannon and the second with the President, who may have been accompanied by Bannon also recalled a telephone conversation with Secretary Ross in the first half of 2017 in which requested that Secretary Ross consider reinstating the citizenship question to the 2020 Census. could not recall whether Secretary Ross was supportive of the idea at that time. Later, in July 2017, Secretary Ross to provide proposed verbiage for the citizenship question and mentioned that the lack of a citizenship question leads to the problem that aliens who do not reside in the U.S. could still be counted for congressional apportionment. again could not recall if Secretary Ross responded to request. Later, in was provided an opportunity to make an official notice and February 2018, comment for additions to the 2020 Census. used that opportunity to send Secretary Ross an official comment requesting the reinstatement of the citizenship question and offering support for the DOI's request. During the interview,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> U.S. Congress, House of Representatives, Committee on Oversight and Reform. Hearing with Secretary of Commerce Wilbur L. Ross, Jr, 116<sup>th</sup> Cong., 1<sup>st</sup> sess., March 14, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> U.S. Congress, House of Representatives, Committee on Oversight and Reform. *Interview of Gene Patrick Hamilton*, 116<sup>th</sup> Cong., 1<sup>st</sup> sess., May 30, 2019.

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denied ever speaking to grant or about the citizenship question and denied ever reading Hofeller's 2015 Redistricting Study. 41

June 27 [Supreme Court Decision]: The U.S. Supreme Court ruled that Secretary Ross could not add the citizenship question to the 2020 Census based on his "contrived" rationale. The Court found "the decision to reinstate a citizenship question cannot be adequately explained in terms of DOJ's request for improved citizenship data to better enforce the VRA." The Court further found "the evidence tells a story that does not match the explanation the Secretary gave for his decision" and that "the VRA enforcement rationale—the sole stated reason—seems to have been contrived." 42

**November 12** [Congressional Memorandum]: Congresswoman Carolyn B. Maloney, in her position as Acting Chairwoman of the House of Representatives Committee on Oversight and Reform, sent a memorandum titled "Update on Investigation of Census Citizenship Question Since House Held Attorney General Barr and Commerce Secretary Ross in Contempt of Congress" to members of the Committee on Oversight and Reform. The memorandum outlined the following four documents since received from \$\instrum{1}{2}\text{\*}3\$

(a) August 30, 2017 [Email]: emailed Dr. Hofeller asking if the language in the following excerpt was correct:

"We understand that the Bureau personnel may believe that ACS [American Community Survey] data on citizenship was sufficient for redistricting purposes. We wanted the Bureau to be aware that two recent Court cases have underscored that ACS data is not viable and/or sufficient for purposes of redistricting. Two important citations from these cases are as follows:

\_\_Bartlet v Simpson; Iullac v perry 'Relevant numbers must account for citizenship in order to determine the group's opportunity to elect candidates in order to determine the groups opportunity to elect candidates...pg 4 Iulac v [sic]."<sup>44</sup>

Note: The same legal citations sent to the DOJ from the Department were also in the final letter requesting the reinstatement of the citizenship question to the Census from the DOJ to the Department.<sup>45</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> U.S. Congress, House of Representatives, Committee on Oversight and Reform. *Interview of Cong.*, 1<sup>st</sup> sess., June 3, 2019.

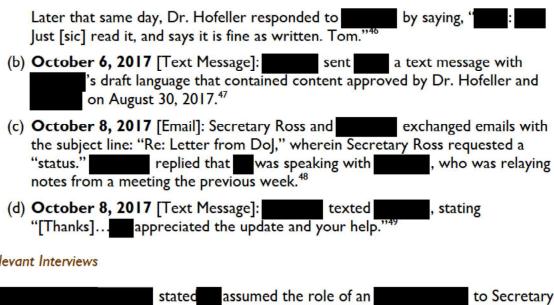
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Commerce v. New York, 139 S. Ct. 2551 (2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Carolyn B. Maloney to Members of the Committee on Oversight and Reform, November 12, 2019. Memorandum from Acting Chairwoman Carolyn B. Maloney to Members of the Committee on Oversight and Reform. Available at https://oversight.house.gov/sites/democrats.oversight.house.gov/files/2019-11-12.Memo%20to%20COR%20Members%20re.%20Census.pdf (accessed March 10, 2021).

to Tom Hofeller, August 30, 2017. *Email Census*. Available at https://oversight.house.gov/sites/democrats.oversight.house.gov/files/2017.08.30%20Email%20from%20 20to%20Thomas%20Hofeller%20%281%29.pdf (accessed May 26, 2021).

to Census Director, December 12, 2017. Letter.

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### B. Relevant Interviews

to Secretary Ross and the Census Bureau after had years of experience working on the and agreed to advise Secretary Ross on policy and procedure issues dealing with the 2020 Census. denied any involvement in drafting the language sent from the Department to DOI, but admitted that emailed the verbiage in the letter to "confirm the language" used in the letter was reached out to accurate. Additionally, stated throughout the transition of administrations because was an expert in block counting for was considered a "stakeholder" and it was very apportionment. Also, common for members of the Department to reach out to stakeholders during a transition. When opinion on issues that may arise during asked believed that counting based on the 2020 Census, recalled described Dr. Hofeller as a citizenship would become an issue, among others. redistricting specialist, but did not believe had any influence over the decision to add the citizenship question to the 2020 Census. Instead, believed was the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Tom Hofeller to , August 30, 2017. Email RE: Census. Available at https://oversight.house.gov/sites/democrats.oversight.house.gov/files/2017.08.30%20Email%20from%20Thomas%20 Hofeller%20to%20 .pdf (accessed May 26, 2021). , October 6, 2017. Text Message. Available at to https://oversight.house.gov/sites/democrats.oversight.house.gov/files/2017.10.08%20Text%20from %20to%20 .pdf (accessed May 26, 2021). 48 Ross and . October 8, 2017. Email Re: Letter from DOJ. Available at https://oversight.house.gov/sites/democrats.oversight.house.gov/files/2017.10.08%20Email%20from%20 20to%20Wilbur%20Ross%20about%20DOJ%20Letter%20status%20-%20AR%202482%20%281%29.pdf (accessed June 4, 2021). , October 8, 2017. Text Message. Available at https://oversight.house.gov/sites/democrats.oversight.house.gov/files/2017.10.08%20Text%20from%20 20to%20 .pdf (accessed June 4, 2021).

# All Withholdings (B)(6) & (B)(7)(C)

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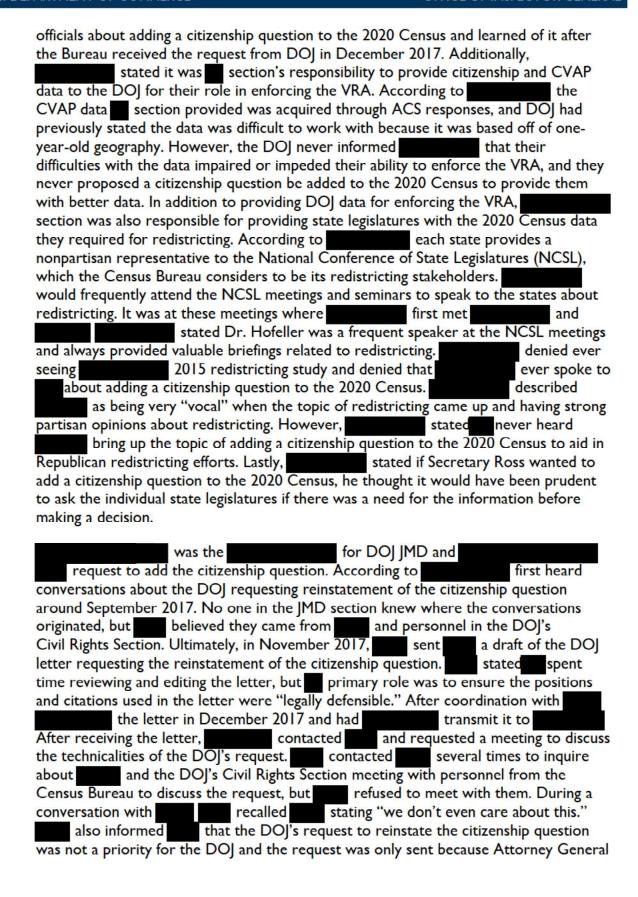
"mastermind" behind it. Lastly, stated never attended any meetings at the White House to discuss the citizenship question with the administration. assumed the role of for the stated Census Bureau after performed the , and previously served as the assumed current duties as the Upon assuming the role of of the Census Bureau, had never heard any rumors or conversations about the potential of adding a citizenship question to the 2020 Census. Additionally, was unaware of any other departments or agencies that might have been planning to request the inclusion of the question. In June 2017, during the transition, informed the topic of adding the citizenship question may come up, but never assumed it was based on meetings why. attended with political appointees in Secretary Ross's office. After that conversation with I did not hear anything from the Department about the possibility of adding the citizenship question until approximately November 2017. During that time, contacted and advised to "keep an eye out" for a letter that would be making the request. Upon receiving the citizenship question request from the DOI in December 2017, stated that a team of technical experts from the Census Bureau outlined a way in which the Census Bureau could collect citizenship data in a more cost-effective way without adding the citizenship contacted the DOI requesting to meet with its question to the 2020 Census. technical experts to discuss their data needs for enforcement of the VRA. After multiple attempts to schedule a meeting, ultimately informed meeting would take place and that the DOI's letter adequately described their request. stated this was the only time recalled a meeting to discuss technicalities also stated the events in November and December of 2017 being declined. team at the Census Bureau, and knew there had to have been other conversations outside of the DOI prompting these actions and requests. belief about other conversations outside of the DOI was confirmed when stated that Secretary Ross sent his March 2018 memorandum to the Census Bureau. has been employed with the Census Bureau since previously worked on the where became friends with Dr. Hofeller and the Census Bureau in to take a . Shortly after deciding to to stay to assist with 2020 Census was contacted by who asked operations since . Ultimately, decided to When asked if relationships with Dr. Hofeller and a contributing factor in the Department's stated it was possible, but was unsure. stated was unaware of any attempts to request the inclusion of a citizenship question until read about it in the news in December

# II Withholdings (B)(6) & (B)(7)(C)

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evaluating and analyzing options regarding the citizenship question to present to Secretary Ross. After significant research and analysis, team recommended Secretary Ross use administrative records to provide DOJ the block-level citizenship data they requested. Stated felt it was the most cost-effective method of collecting the data and would create the least harm to the 2020 Census. When the options were briefed to Secretary Ross, he ultimately proposed "Alternative D," which was the use of administrative records as well as including the citizenship question.  stated was disappointed in the Secretary's decision to not use administrative records alone to collect the data because felt that and team put together a very strong argument. Also stated that was disappointed because after read the Secretary's March 2018 memorandum announcing his decision to include the citizenship question, realized that the Secretary had already made up his mind to include the question.
When asked about communication with characterized email correspondence as friendly exchanges of news articles of mutual interest. Around January of 2017, contacted requesting contact information for presumed intended to discuss material related to the 2020 Census, as it was a shared interest, but stated never inquired about the context of and communications.
was the of the Census Bureau in the timeframe and worked directly for had initially requested fill the position,  Prior to
December 2017, was unaware of the Department's or DOJ's efforts to include a citizenship question on the 2020 Census. However, recalled attending several 2020 Census-related meetings with Secretary Ross, Deputy Secretary Kelley, and to Secretary Ross. The meetings initially were focused on 2020 Census budgetary issues due to cost overruns incurred during. At some point, the focus of the meetings changed to 2020 Census content. At first, they looked at the content of the American Community Survey (ACS) and the justifications for its questions. Later, they began to look at all 2020 Census questions, as well as their legislative mandates to include them on the questionnaire. At some point, there was discussion of adding a citizenship question to the 2020 Census, but could not recall who brought it up or in what timeframe the meetings occurred. The next incident could recall regarding the citizenship question was when pulled into a hallway from a meeting to inquire if had received the DOJ's written request to add the question. recalled relayed it was urgent that they receive the letter. stated and received the DOJ letter shortly after this conversation.
stated never had any conversations or consultations with Department



# All Withholdings (B)(6) & (B)(7)(C)

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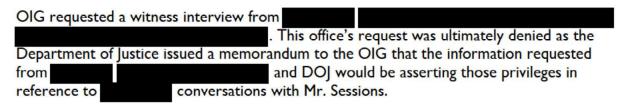
Session	ns made a comm	itment to ass	ist Secretar	y Ross.	After	those	conversa	ations	with
	contacted	an	d informed	a r	neetin	g wou	ld not ta	ke plac	ce.

### C. Interview Declinations

This office interviewed agency officials in the key offices involved, including from the Census Bureau and the Department of Justice Office of General Counsel (DOJ OGC).

This office experienced certain challenges obtaining access to witnesses during this review. Most notably, OIG did not obtain testimony from then Deputy Secretary Karen Dunn Kelly nor then Secretary Wilbur Ross. The Department of Commerce, Office of General Counsel (OGC), requested to be present during any interviews of Deputy Secretary Kelly and Secretary Ross. OIG rejected that request as inappropriate and not in accordance with the IG Act. Our office then set a deadline for scheduling interviews of the Secretary and Deputy Secretary through their respective personal attorneys. The Secretary and Deputy Secretary's personal attorneys each reported communicating with OGC and receiving representations that the issue of OGC attendance was still unresolved. Secretary Ross's attorney questioned the OIG's legal authority to investigate this matter. Due to the OIG's position on refusing OGC's presence during the interviews, both the Secretary and Deputy Secretary declined to be interviewed with both attorneys asserting that OGC need to be present to assert confidentiality and Departmental/Executive privilege in the requested OIG interviews.

This office experienced challenges obtaining witness interviews from former Department of Justice officials and political appointees. Most notably, OIG was unable to establish contact with former Department of Justice Attorney General, Jefferson Sessions, despite multiple attempts made by OIG.



This office encountered challenges when attempting to interview former Department officials and political appointees. Three former additional officials either ignored, declined or initially expressed willingness to participate in an OIG interview but ultimately failed to respond by an established deadline to be interviewed.

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# **Findings**

Allegation I: The Department purposely concealed Dr. Hofeller's substantive public policy role in the motivations to add a citizenship question to the 2020 Census.

Finding: OIG found no evidence Dr. Hofeller played a "substantive public policy" role in the attempt to reinstate the citizenship question on the 2020 Census. OIG identified one exchange between Dr. Hofeller and advisor to Secretary Ross and the Census Bureau, Documents provided to Congress by show that the Department's draft language sent to the DOJ requesting reinstatement of the citizenship question was forwarded to Dr. Hofeller for review by him and his business associate, but nothing was found to show Dr. Hofeller contributed to the drafting of the memorandum or that he provided suggestions for the language to be used in the memorandum. In addition, a comparison of the draft memorandum and Dr. Hofeller's 2015 redistricting study shows similarities in the verbiage used, but those similarities were comprised of historical and factual references to the Census and did not include Dr. Hofeller's opinions. OIG did not identify evidence Secretary Ross had knowledge of communication with Dr. Hofeller during his March 20, 2018, testimony before the House Committee on Appropriations and again in his March 22, 2018, testimony before the House Committee on Ways and Means.

Allegation 2: Secretary Ross knowingly misrepresented the rationale for the addition of a citizenship question during his March 20, 2018, testimony before the House Committee on Appropriations and again in his March 22, 2018, testimony before the House Committee on Ways and Means.

Finding: As OIG lacked the benefit of interviewing Secretary Ross, Deputy Secretary Kelley, and several other former key Department and DOJ officials related to this investigation, as detailed above, many questions about the genesis and rationale for the Secretary's decision remain unanswered. However, based on the troves of emails and documents that were reviewed, OIG's investigation concludes there were significant communications related to the citizenship question among the Secretary, his staff, and other government officials between March 2017 and September 2017, which was well before DOJ made the decision to request reinstatement of the citizenship question.

Additionally, during those communications, the Secretary's staff advised him on multiple occasions to be "diligent in preparing the Administrative Record," because they anticipated involvement from the U.S. Supreme Court. This investigation also confirmed the DOJ was not interested in requesting the reinstatement of the citizenship question and only put forth an effort to request the question after Secretary Ross contacted Attorney General Sessions in September 2017, and three members of Secretary Ross's staff coordinated with DOJ's Assistant Attorney General of the Civil Rights Section. Also, Secretary Ross's June 2018 Supplemental Memorandum contradicted his Congressional testimony when he testified that the decision to reinstate the citizenship question was based "solely" on the DOJ's request. In his Supplemental Memorandum, the Secretary admitted he began considering the content of the 2020 Census, to include reinstating the citizenship question, which senior administration officials had previously raised, soon after his appointment. OIG concludes Ross misrepresented the full rationale of the

addition of the citizenship question during his March 20, 2018, testimony before the House Committee on Appropriations and again in his March 22, 2018, testimony before the House Committee on Ways and Means.

# Disposition

This investigation was presented to and declined for prosecution by the Public Integrity Section of the DOJ's Criminal Division.