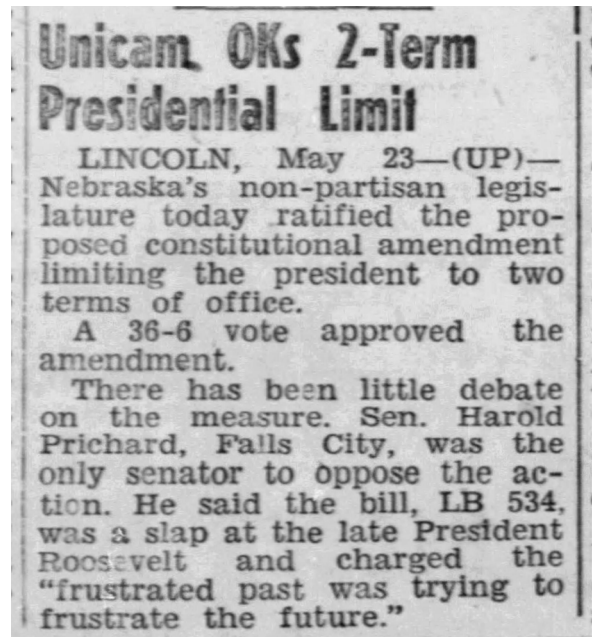


Nebraska

The 22nd Amendment to the Constitution, which limits a person to being elected to the presidency two times, and sets additional eligibility conditions for presidents who succeed to the presidency, was voted out of Congress by a supermajority vote in both chambers. Between 1947 and 1951, the 22nd Amendment was ratified by 41 state legislatures and officially came into effect after 36 states ratified the amendment in February 1951. Since the history of the 22nd Amendment's passage and the intent of those who ratified it has become relevant again, this factsheet is part of a series covering each state's ratification process.

Nebraska's consideration of the 22nd Amendment:

- Nebraska's [unicameral](#) legislature voted to [ratify](#) the 22nd Amendment on May 23, 1947.
- The resolution was [first read](#) and introduced by the Committee on Judiciary Chairman Earl J. Lee on April 3, 1947.
- The legislature voted to approve the measure on an "emergency" basis by a vote of 36 to 6 (with 1 not voting).
- The measure was opposed by Senator Harold Prichard, who criticized it as an attack on President Franklin Roosevelt that would "frustrate the future."
- After passage, the resolution was formally signed by the speaker on [May 26, 1947](#) and approved by the governor on [May 31, 1947](#).



Cases involving the 22nd Amendment in Nebraska:

- There are no relevant cases in Nebraska that analyze the requirements of the 22nd Amendment.